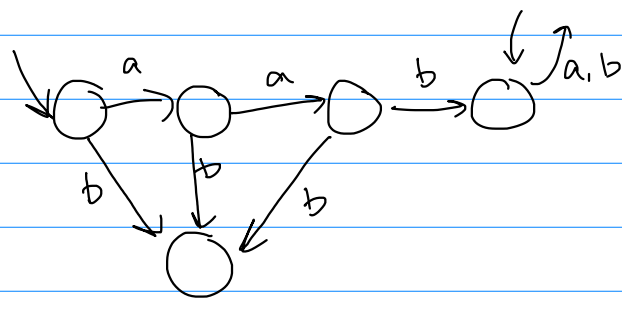
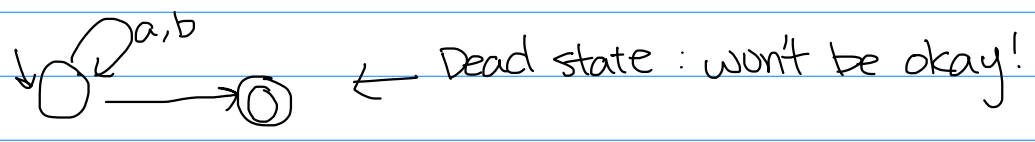
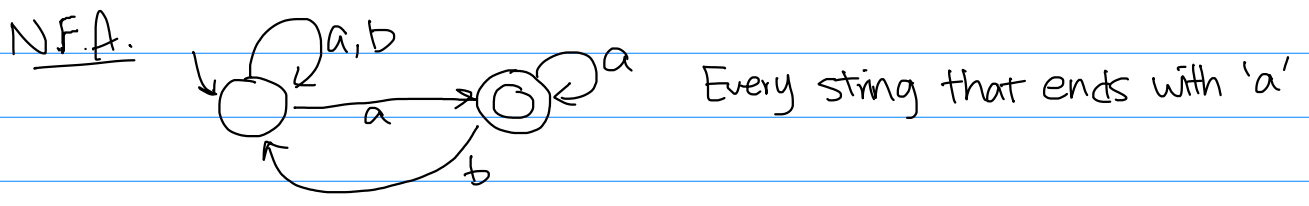
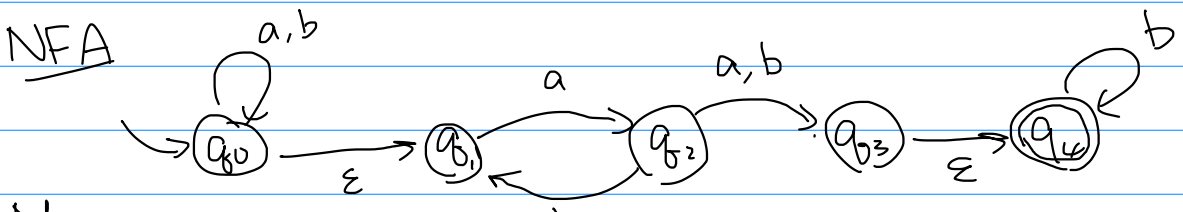


strings containing at least 3 a's on  $\{a, b\}$

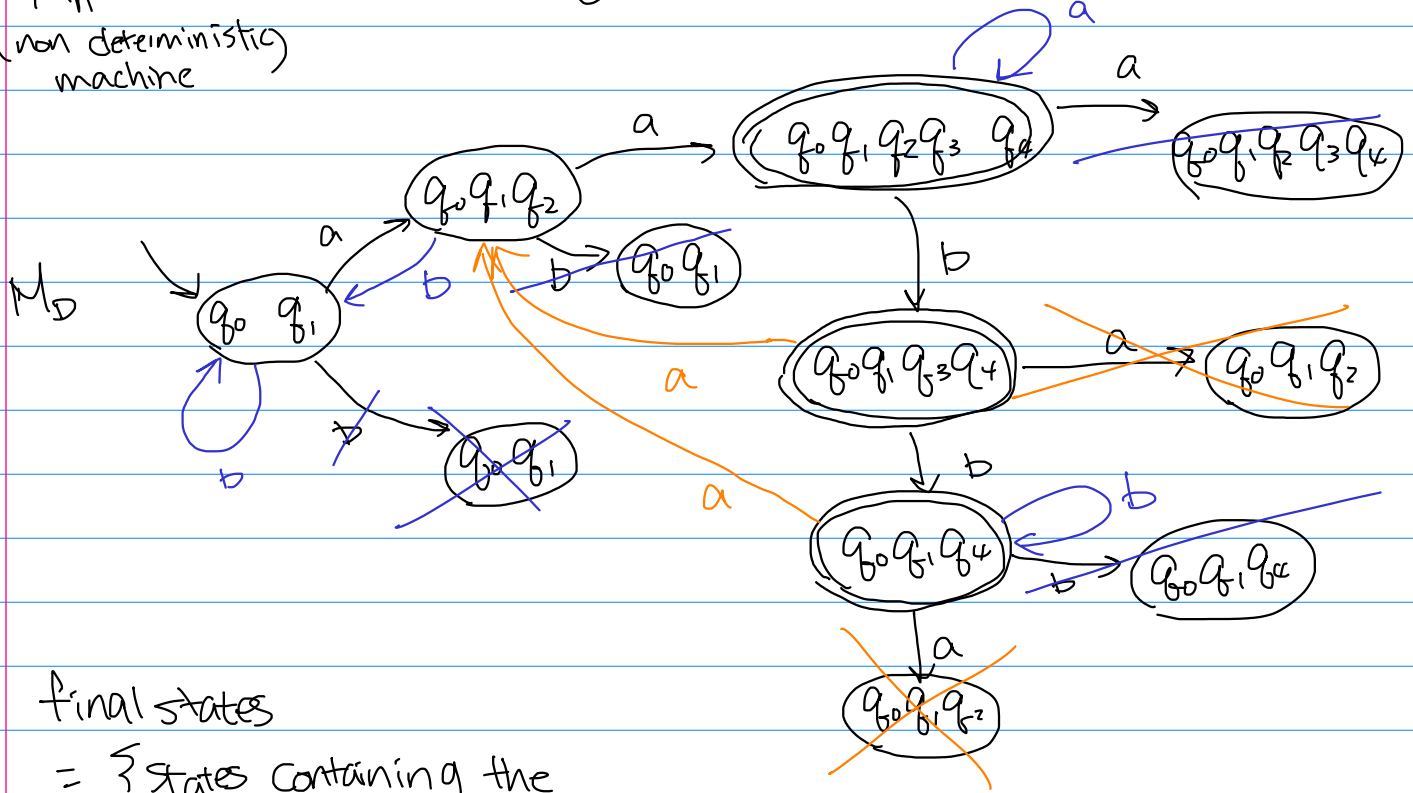


$$\Phi_D(Q, a) = \{ \epsilon - \text{Change } (\bigcup_{P=a} \Phi(q, a)) \}$$

$$M_n = M_0$$

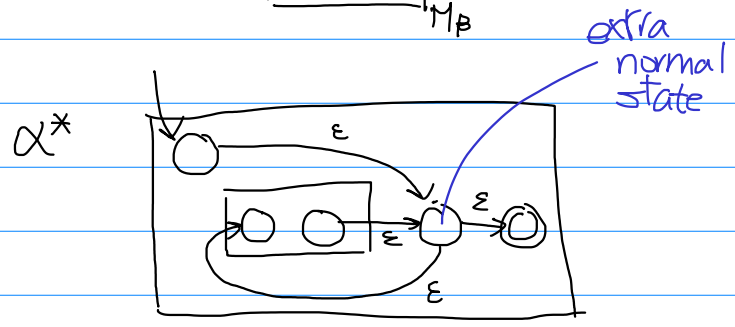
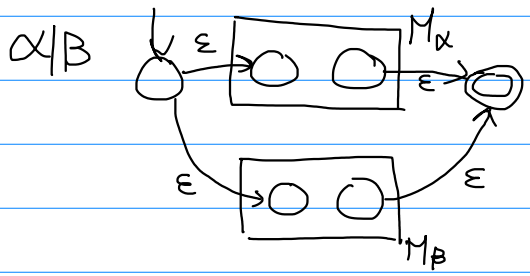
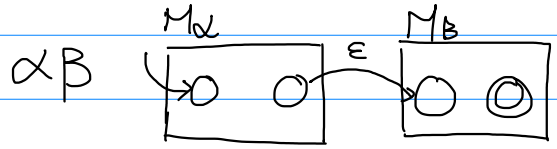
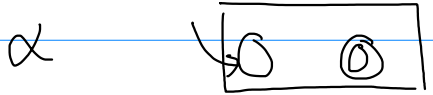
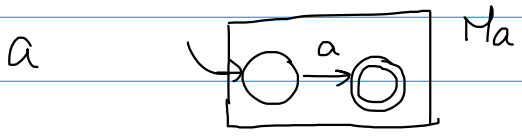
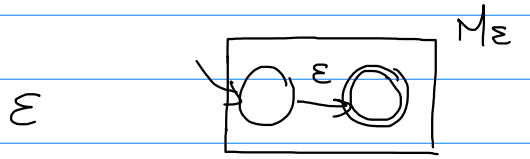


$M_n$   
(non deterministic machine)



Final states  
=  $\{$  states containing the final state of  $M_n$ .

Regular Expression  $\rightarrow$  NFA



DFA  $\rightarrow$  reg. expr

$\phi$  = transition

$P_{ij}(Q)$   $\equiv$  paths from  $q_i$  to  $q_j$  with all intermediate vertices in  $Q$

want to find

$P_0$  initial state       $P_f$  final state       $(Q_m)$  all states      start with  $Q$  empty

$$P_{ij}(\phi) = \{z \mid \phi(q_i, z) = q_j\}$$

$\hookrightarrow$  alternated OR together

no input  
 $\downarrow$

Ex:  $P_{00}(\phi) = \epsilon \mid b$        $P_{10}(\phi) = b$   
 $P_{01}(\phi) = a$        $P_{11}(\phi) = \epsilon$   
 $P_{02}(\phi) = \phi$        $\vdots$   
 $P_{03}(\phi) = \phi$        $P_{34}(\phi) = b$   
 $P_{04}(\phi) = \phi$        $P_{44}(\phi) = b$

$P_{ij}(Q)$  when  $Q$  contain  $y$  ( $y$  is a stack)       $P_{ij}(Q-y)$   
 $\hookrightarrow$  1 less state than  $Q$

$$P_{ij}(Q) = \underbrace{P_{ij}(Q-y)}_{\text{path not containing } y} + \underbrace{P_{ij}(Q-y) P_{yy}(Q-y)^* P_{yj}(Q-y)^*}_{\text{path containing } y}$$

Ex:  $Q = \{q_2, q_3\}$  ,  $y = q_2$

$$P_{13}(Q) = \underbrace{P_{13}(\{q_3\})}_{\phi} \mid \underbrace{P_{12}(\{q_3\})}_{\text{OR}} P_{22}(\{q_3\})^* P_{23}(\{q_3\})^*$$